

# The West Virginian

"THE PAPER THAT GOES HOME."

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## THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

### NATIONAL.

For President—Charles Evans Hughes of New York.  
For Vice President—Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana.  
U. S. Senator—Howard Sutherland of Randolph.  
Congress, First District—Thos. W. Fleming, Fairmont.

### JUDICIAL.

W. N. Miller, Parkersburg. Harold A. Ritz, Bluefield.

### STATE.

Governor—Ira E. Robinson of Taylor.  
Secretary of State—Houston G. Young of Harrison.  
Superintendent of Schools—Morris P. Shawkey of Kanawha.  
Auditor—John S. Darst of Jackson.  
Treasurer—William S. Johnson of Fayette.  
Attorney General—E. T. England of Logan.  
Commissioner of Agriculture—James H. Stewart of Putnam.  
State Senator, Eleventh District—Charles A. Sinsal, Taylor County.

### COUNTY.

Sherriff—W. H. Veach, Farmington.  
Assessor—W. S. Hamilton, Fairmont.  
Pros. Attorney—M. Earl Morgan, Fairmont.  
County Commissioner—W. P. Mason, Mannington.  
House Delegates—Geo. W. Bowers, Mannington.  
Walter Eliason, Fairmont.  
B. S. Hutchinson, Union District.  
Co. Surveyor—Thos. E. Minnear, Annabelle, Lincoln Dist.

MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 28, 1916

"America First and America Efficient"

### DEMOCRATS AND THE NAVY.

ABOUT the middle of the month Hon. William Elza Williams, a Democrat who represents one of the Illinois districts in the House of Representatives, wrote to Secretary of the Navy Daniels a letter of inquiry on the state of the naval forces of the United States, which enabled the Hon. Josephus to write a long dissertation about the floating forces for campaign purposes.

Quite naturally this document makes out a strong case for the outgoing administration, but no writer, no matter how gifted, can perform a similar service for the Democratic party with regard to naval affairs.

The American people are glad to know that the navy is now on a fair way to become commensurate with the size and wealth of this country. But for this they have to thank the politician in the mental make up of Woodrow Wilson. When the war in Europe broke out and the American people began to take a genuine interest in the condition of their own defenses President Wilson did his best to discourage any action looking to increased expenditures for army and navy. Later when the public demand for an adequate military preparation became insistent, Wilson, who began to fear that his chances for reelection were endangered, changed his mind.

Having changed his own mind, he determined that the Democratic majority in Congress should change, too. That majority long since learned to be subservient to the President's will, but it is a significant fact that in none of his struggles to force a policy upon Congress did the President experience more trouble than in this preparedness matter. Little navy and army men fought him at every turn, and the most persistent of his foes was the ring of southern Democrats of which the Secretary of the Navy, who now boasts about the naval record of the administration, is one of the most powerful.

But as usual the President won. He won, however, without converting his party. There is no guarantee that the Democrats if they are permitted to retain control of the government will continue to support the navy and the army. Indeed there is every probability that they would not. Even Woodrow Wilson in all likelihood would lose all his interest in defense legislation once the election was passed in safety and the end of his public career was definitely in sight.

### PREPAREDNESS NONSENSE.

WITHOUT in any sense desiring to impugn the sincerity of the various organizations which are maintaining "legislative agents" at Washington and press agents either in the national capital or in New York, ostensibly for the promotion of national defense programs, this newspaper is of the opinion that a lot of nonsense is being sent broadcast with money that might be devoted to more useful purposes.

The wholesale condemnation of the National guard is a case in point. That, to say the least, is premature. It may be demonstrated in time that the guard is not what the nation needs for a second line of defense, but it is a fact that it has not been demonstrated yet. Indeed the outstanding feature of the situation is that under service conditions plus the tutelage of regular army officers the guardsmen now on the Mexican border are becoming excellent soldiers, almost if not quite the equal of the regulars. After some more weeding is done the military critics at least are apt to say they will do quite as well as the regulars for any service the republic is likely to call upon them to do.

Another exhibition of the foolishness for which the so called defense societies are responsible is the straight out demand for universal, obligatory military service. There is much merit in the contention that every man, and even

every woman, in a republic should be trained to be of service to the nation in time of national peril. This was taken as a matter of course during the early days of this country. But things were much different then. Any one who owned a fowling piece could be, and was, a Minute man. The only way in which to induce the public to take an interest in a return to such conditions is to present a complete and workable program for consideration. But instead of spending their funds to make a scientific investigation of the problem in all its features, one, at least, of the societies pays for the distribution of literature of which the following is a sample paragraph:

"What would have a more democratic influence upon the young men of the country than to have them training shoulder to shoulder under proper military discipline? Under our present system, the gulf between the rich and the poor is growing wider and, despite all our pretensions of equality, class distinctions are rapidly forming—the elbow-touch has been lost. There is no melting pot in this country in which a national spirit is being fused and we are drifting rapidly toward commercialism."

To begin with the idea which aims to convey is stolen. It was Theodore Roosevelt who first said that an army is as good a place as the public school for instruction in the duties of citizenship. But as for leveling influence—well, that depends upon what kind of an army you are maintaining. At the beginning of the war in Europe the worst example of a caste ridden army in the world was the volunteer army of England, which is sometimes said to have a more democratic government than the United States. And next to that came the army of Germany, which in addition to the great gulf which separated the officers from the men in the ranks was rapidly accepting the theory that it was a thing apart in the state and superior to the civil population. The most democratic great army was that of France.

What the war has been doing in the Central powers to the spirit that led up to the Zabern incident it is impossible to say on this side of the famous iron ring. The Territorials, as they were known during the Boer war, the troops from Canada, Australia and New Zealand, seem to have knocked the class insolence clear out of the British armies, and the French army is, if possible, more democratic than ever. But this is the result of rather grueling experience. The only way this country can guard against the British and German mistake is to start right on any universal military program that may be adopted.

### BRING IT TO FAIRMONT.

WEDNESDAY and Thursday of this week the Knights of Pythias of West Virginia will hold their annual convention in Huntington. This is one of the most important of the annual lodge events held in this state and steps should be taken to bring the gathering of 1917 to Fairmont.

The Pythian lodges in this section of the state are all active and prosperous organizations. They would be benefited by the stimulus which bringing the state bodies to Fairmont would be productive of, and they doubtless would help in swinging the movement.

No better opportunity could be offered for the start of an effort to bring all of the state bodies in West Virginia to Fairmont in turn. Go to it, Pythians. The citizens will see to it that your guests are fittingly entertained when they arrive here.

### FOUR YEARS OF WAR.

AMERICA has developed at least one trustworthy commentator on the military situation in Europe in Frank H. Simonds, of the New York Tribune. There may be others just as good, but it is a fact that Simonds is the only writer on this side who is given serious consideration in the belligerent countries. He earned that mark of confidence by the accuracy of his judgments of the course the conflict would take and the perspicuity of his comment on the strategy of the contending generals.

We mention these facts concerning Simonds because yesterday he printed a signed article in which he predicted that the great conflict "will continue into 1918; that it will be a four year war, and that it will end inside the German frontiers."

In reaching this conclusion Mr. Simonds seems to have considered every factor except finances. Perhaps he does not consider them worthy of a thought. Assuming that this American military expert is as well informed as he was in the past, it is a dismal prospect that confronts Europe. And for once, at least, national bankruptcy would seem to promise national blessing, for in that alone is there prospect of an early end to the terrible blood letting.

According to a dispatch sent out from Charleston that town is credited in a bulletin of the United States Chamber of Commerce with being second among cities of the country in acquisition of new industries during the last year. Good work. It shows that it can be done in this state when it is undertaken in the right way.

According to a bulletin issued by the fire marshal of Ohio at least \$200,000 fire damage is done in that state every year by children. Well, what are they going to do about it? Abolish children?

The Democratic press seems to derive a great deal of pleasure from publishing the names of McDowell and Mingo county citizens who have been indicted for offenses against the election laws. It would delight the citizens of Marion county much more to see in print the names of Democrats of this county who should be indicted for similar offenses. The list would be long, but because of some of the names that would be on it, it would be very interesting.

As we suspected, Governor Hatfield did not say that the people of Cabin creek and Coal river were not in need of federal aid. Some one has made a mistake. At any other time this would have been cleared up without any great amount of comment. But one of the numerous Democratic press agents seized upon it and attempted to make political capital out of it. That kind of politics frequently gets the fellow who is responsible for it into trouble.

The presence in the harbor of the steam tug Marion at all events proves that the locks along the river have not become jammed for lack of use.

That man Hughes is causing the Democratic newspapers an endless amount of worry. Apparently they will never be satisfied until he turns the management of his campaign over to them.

### SHORT AND SNAPPY.

The Democrats don't answer the Republican State platform, they simply attempt to defame it.—Wheeling Intelligencer.

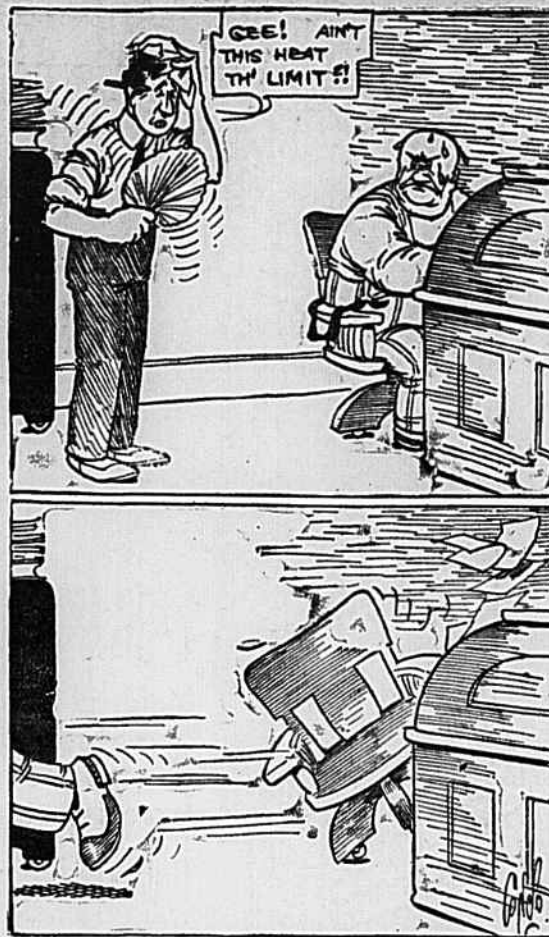
The soldiers in the trenches ought to have an eight-hour day, too.—Uniontown Evening Genius.

The Fairmont West Virginian puts it forcibly when it says the Democratic platform does not advocate the election of Cornwell but the "smashing of Hatfield," who is not running for any office.—Wheeling Intelligencer.

You can always tell the tyro in politics by his abuse of the other fellow.—Uniontown News-Standard.

## OUTBURSTS OF EVERETT TRUE

(BY CONDO.)



## BITS OF STATE NEWS

Leo Carlin, A. B., LL. D., of New Martinsville, graduate of West Virginia University, selected by the Board of Regents as assistant professor of law at the university. Dr. A. G. Steele, former president of West Lafayette College, Ohio, was elected assistant professor of education. Mrs. Louise F. Ches was selected as instructor of physical training for women. Marion M. Heppworth to have charge of the extension work and home economics, and Blaine King as instructor in mining extension work. Vera Andrews, of Cedarville, O., graduate of Western Reserve College, was elected to a position in the English department at Marshall college, Huntington; Miss Jessie Halslip, of Huntington, was selected as instructor in the eighth grade raining work there.

Says the Cameron State News, "D. H. Hennen, of Rock Lick, sent us quite a curiosity. It is a beet 10 inches long and just like any other beet except about 7 inches from the top it grew into a broken ring 3 inches across and imbedded in the sides of the beet makes a complete handle to hang it up and at first you could not see but what the ring was perfectly solid."

County Clerk McVey, of Wood county, in looking over the new primary law, stated that he found a provision where it requires the treasurer of each of the county committees to file a certificate from the committee of their election as such officer, that the treasurer of the city committee must file the certificate with the county clerk and that treasurers of the state committee must file theirs with the secretary of state, sixty days before the election.

According to the Keyser Mountain Echo "Floyd Welch, of near the reservoir, on Thursday morning brought down a bald eagle with his trusty fowling piece, which proved to be one of the handsomest specimens ever seen in this section. Floyd brought the bird carcass to Keyser soon after it was killed, with the intention of sending it away to be mounted and its frame and feathers preserved, and he was surrounded for an hour or more by curious persons who had never before seen such a rare specimen of the great American bird. The wings of the eagle measured seven feet from tip to tip, and its weight was ten pounds. It was beautifully colored, having all the marks and appeared to be about ten years of age. Mr. Welch had a number of offers of purchase, but declined them all, stating that he expected to send the carcass to some well known taxidermist for the purpose of having it mounted."

Waterworks for Shepherdstown now seems to be an assured fact. The council has granted a satisfactory franchise, the money for the enterprise has been arranged for, and, best of all, the contract for the construction of the waterworks system was let on Monday, says the Register. It is expected that work will begin in a very few days, and it is stated that the plant will be completed within ninety days from the time operations have started.

The Raleigh Messenger says Deputy Sheriff H. E. Phipps has returned from Richmond, Va., where he went to consult and take treatment from a nerve specialist for the shotgun wounds received June 6th at the Winking Gulch. He is much improved in health but X-ray pictures, which he procured, show between 40 and 50 shot embedded in the flesh of his face and neck.

Capt. Frank Tyree, of Huntington, one of the bodyguard of Candidate Hughes, gets the following wrinkle-up in a Portland, Oregon, newspaper:

"Two active and necessary attaches of the Hughes party are F. H. Tyree and S. F. Brierton, who are officially designated as 'secret service' men. The term might imply that they are agents of the United States Secret Service Bureau, but they are not. They are detailed by the Hughes National campaign committee to act

as the personal bodyguard of Mr. Hughes.

"Whenever a reception line forms one man stations himself at Mr. Hughes' side, nearest which the crowd approaches; the other directly opposite Mr. Hughes. They give every prospective handshaker a scrutinizing once over and then see that the handshaking incident doesn't develop into a prolonged conversation. Gently, but yet quite firmly, they keep the people moving. Those who shook hands with the candidate yesterday don't tell the persistent pressure of human hands on their backs just as they reached Mr. Hughes' side. Most people thought the hands were those of the person immediately behind them. But the hands belonged to Mr. Tyree and Mr. Brierton. Thus they hasten action and make it possible for Mr. Hughes to meet the maximum number of people.

"Mr. Tyree formerly was with the United States Secret Service and served as a personal bodyguard for President Roosevelt. Mr. Brierton acted in a similar capacity for Mr. Hughes when he was Governor of New York. Now he is a sergeant of the New York police force."

After about two months vacation, in which the judges have spent most of the time at their summer homes, the supreme court of appeals will convene for the fall term of court September 6. Several writs of error and appeals have been passed on during the summer by the individual members of the court, sitting in vacation, and at a special term of one day, though two months of recuperation from last year's work will be needed for the almost steady grind which will extend from September to next July.

### HERE'S YOUR CHANCE GIRLS

A jolly business man wants two capable women of small means to occupy his modern cottage in Berkeley, near campus, board owner and take working interest in remunerative pleasant office business; matrimony considered. Tel. 2855. Chronicle.—The San Francisco (Cal.) Chronicle.

"Maurepas taken by French troops." Harvest time coming, more reapers will be needed.

On September 1 we're going to announce for the underwear manufacturers who have started a "swat the overcoat" campaign.

We'll simply have to.

And in November we'll cast a vote for the party which can promise cigarette and cigar holders which do not lose their packing.

Although the old man may be a skin as some of his business competitors call him, he is a skin we love to touch.

At that Steel Common only hit as good as Poi Peritt.

Just as striking wigmakers return to work, 6,000 barbers quit in New York. This time the laugh is not on the bald pate.

"Ruling the waves" and "ruling the air" seem to have been allotted to England and Germany.

At least the Zeppelins rule the air as well as the British rule the waves.

St. Louis says Teddy is a reincarnation of Caesar. If he'll put us wise to whom Brutus has come and where Mark Anthony has sent his ghost we might be able to tell which side to stick with for a good job.

"French soldiers relieved of 120 tons of bread."

Right in their own tents, too.

Wilson, like every other chap in the world, will find that railroad presidents are hard heads and the damndest guys to get money out of that ever read a financial page.

Monday ought to be a day when

## E. C. Jones

FAIRMONT, W. VA.



The Jones Millinery Store is ready to Serve You Ready with a very comprehensive showing of

## New Fall Millinery

Ready with the same competent force of trimmers, helpers and saleswomen, real saleswomen, real milliners, ready to tender real service to every customer—assisting her to select the hat most becoming to her.

## And Oh! So Charming!

Is what you will say when you see these—the newest of the new fall styles.

Briefly, there are close-fitting turbans, drooping mushrooms, medium and large sailors and beautiful, becoming hats with back rolled.

Trimming ideas strike a decidedly new note and add material to the chic effects—beaded ornaments, tiny tufts of fur, flowers and odd cockades of ribbon that twist themselves into large fan shaped wings.

There's a pleasant surprise for you here today or any day that you may wish to call, in this showing.

You'll expect to pay much higher prices for millinery of this character. But these are Jones prices and of course you know what Jones' prices are.

Newest Trimmed Hats \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.50 and Up to \$15.00.

there would be no room on the sheet for this dope.

Because on Monday all things ain't what they are.

Pat Calhoun who went on the toboggan from \$14,000,000 to \$5 in five years, has something on Butch McDevitt.

We've found out that there is no absolute certain cure for trachoma therefore it would not be the least stylish for us to get it during the present scare.

Can get red eyes without going to trouble of walking to Monongah and back for them.

The government thinks it might as well stop the bootlegging if it can, but it took hold only of those who were pinched by the county. Could the Federal cops arrest a few others and force them to tell for whom they are selling it would make interesting reading.

The correctness of the President's statement that the situation shows the need for a compulsory law is evident. But why did he have to let such a situation develop to teach him this, and if we should have compulsory arbitration, why, in the name of all that is reasonable, should it not be applied to this, the greatest labor dispute in the history of the world? The President says he cannot secure arbitration. Perhaps he cannot, now that he has publicly endorsed the men's position in refusing it; but if he cannot this probably is entirely due to his own fault.

The Railway Age Gazette believes that not only the future of the railways, but to a great extent the industrial future of the United States has been put at stake by the form this controversy has been given by President Wilson. It believes there is absolutely no justification for giving these employees in train service higher wages and then passing the burden along to the public in the form of increased rates. It believes there is absolutely only one fair and just way for settling this controversy, and that is by arbitration. It therefore, believes that the railway presidents and managers should reject the President's proposal, even though it seems probable that this will result in a strike; and it believes that if a strike comes the chief responsibility for it will rest on President Wilson. The President was in the best position of anybody to avert a strike until last Monday, and if he is not now, it is because he abandoned the strategic position which he then occupied.

The Railway Age Gazette said last week that it was inconceivable that the President of the United States could have proposed to the railways that they should abandon their position in favor of arbitration and grant the demands of the train employees for a so-called "eight-hour day."

It seemed inconceivable that the President should do this but it is now only too well known that this is what he actually did.

The nation regarded first with surprise, then with astonishment and finally with absolute amazement the course taken by the President. If he thought it to be generally popular he has been rudely disillusioned. The business interests have risen to the situation and are backing the railways in their insistence on arbitration with an outspokenness, an energy and a unanimity which has been surprising even to railway men. Only a small part of the press has endorsed the President's course, and in a lukewarm manner. On the other hand, a very large part of the press is savagely denouncing Mr. Wilson, and declaring that by his abandonment of the principle of arbitration he has dealt a heavy blow to the cause of industrial peace, which will tend to cause strikes, lockouts and anarchy in every branch of business.

The President denies that he has thrown over the principle of arbitration. But actions speak louder than professions. The railways repeatedly offered arbitration, and the President made absolutely no real effort to get the men to accept it. The President adds that the eight-hour day is sanctioned by social progress and justice and is not an arbitrable question. This is sheer nonsense, and if it were not it would have no application to the present controversy. To say that the question of an eight-hour day is not arbitrable when a day of that length has been established in only a very small part of the commercial and industrial concerns of the country is absurd on its face. Furthermore, what is more important in this connection the train employees have not asked for a real eight-hour day, and the acceptance of the plan which the President has endorsed would not establish an eight-hour day. The plan of the employees which the President has endorsed does not provide that no man shall work either more or

## Who Wants Eczema? Do You?

No, you do not want eczema. You do not like the unsightly appearance of rough, inflamed, broken-out skin surface, and think of the itch and pain and distress of eczema also. Suppose you apply Penalar Eczema Remedy. We think you will be delighted with its cooling, soothing, healing effect. It will not take the eczema from your blood, but it will take it from your skin. If you will take Penalar Iron Tonic Pills in connection with this eczema remedy you need fear eczema no longer. Locally it is a fine thing to use anyway.

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